## NEW RECORDS OF PYTHIUM SPECIES IN PAKISTAN

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The genus Pythium Pringsh., includes many plant pathogenic species which cause damping-off and root rot disease on important crops resulting in severe losses (Plaats-Niterink, 1981). Although reports of fungi like Macrophomina phaseolina (Tassi) Goid, Rhizoctonia solani Kühn, Fusarium spp., Sclerotium spp., and Sclerotinia spp., attacking under ground parts of crop plants in Pakistan have been made (Mirza & Qureshi, 1978; Shahzad & Ghaffar, 1986, 1990; Shahzad et al., 1988), Pythium spp., have received little attention. Of over 120 species of Pythium (Dick, 1990), P. aphanidermatum (Edson) Fitzpatrick from Capsicum annuum L. and unidentified Pythium sp., from soil have been reported form Pakistan (Mirza & Qureshi, 1978). During a survey of cultivated fields in different parts of Pakistan, P. aphanidermatum and P. periplocum Drechsler were isolated and identified after reference to Plaats-Niterink (1981) and Dick (1990). There does not appear to be any previous report of P. periplocum from Pakistan (Mirza & Qureshi, 1978). P. periplocum was recorded on 5 host

Table 1. Pythium species associated with different host plants in Pakistan.

Fungus	Host	Locality
P. aphanider	matum (Edson) Fitzpatrick	
-	Capsicum annuum L.	Mirpurkhas
	*Cicer arietinum L.	Karachi
	*Vigna mungo (L.) Hepper	Karachi
	*V. radiata (L.) Wilczek	Karachi
*P. periploci	um Drechsler	
	**Capsicum annuum L.	Mirpurkhas
	**Cicer arietinum L.	Karachi
	**Piper betel L.	Karachi
	**Vigna mungo (L.) Hepper	Karachi
	**V. radiata (L.) Wilczek	Karachi

<sup>\*=</sup> New record for Pakistan.

<sup>\*\*=</sup> New host of the fungus not hitherto recorded.

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plants which appear to be new hosts of the fungus not hitherto reported (Plants-Niterink, 1981). Of the 4 hosts of *P. aphanidermatum*, *Cicer arietinum* L., *Vigna mungo* (L.) Hepper and *V. radiata* (L.) Wilczek appear to be new hosts of the fungus in Pakistan (Table 1).

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